

Northwest Territory - Statistical Profile

	Northwest Territories		Northwest Territories
POPULATION			
		<i>Number of Births</i>	
<i>Population (2011)</i>		1999	659
Total	43,675	2000	673
		2001	613
Males	22,405	2002	635
Females	21,270	2003	701
		2004	698
0 - 4 Years	3,342	2005	712
5 - 9 Years	3,082	2006	687
10 - 14 Years	2,842	2007	725
15 - 24 Years	7,296	2008	721
25 - 44 Years	13,656		
45 - 59 Years	9,115	<i>Teen Births</i>	
60 Yrs. & Older	4,342	1999	83
		2000	84
Aboriginal	22,241	2001	70
Non-Aboriginal	21,434	2002	72
		2003	72
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2011)</i>		2004	86
< 15 Yrs.	0.31	2005	68
60 Yrs. & Older	0.14	2006	73
		2007	65
		2008	56
<i>Historical Population</i>			
2001	40,844	<i>Number of Deaths</i>	
2002	41,665	1999	162
2003	42,561	2000	156
2004	43,301	2001	163
2005	43,399	2002	169
2006	43,198	2003	202
2007	43,545	2004	153
2008	43,681	2005	148
2009	43,638	2006	182
2010	43,830	2007	174
2011	43,675	2008	201
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (01-11)</i>		<i>Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)</i>	
Total Population	0.7	1999	36
< 15 Yrs.	-1.5	2000	31
60 Yrs. & Older	5.5	2001	31
		2002	24
<i>Population Projections</i>		2003	36
2015	45,281	2004	23
2020	46,616	2005	21
2025	47,626	2006	36
		2007	32
		2008	29
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			
		<i>Suicides</i>	
<i>% of Population that Smoke</i>		1999	15
2009	35.2	2000	7
		2001	8
		2002	8
		2003	10
		2004	11
		2005	4
		2006	5
		2007	9
		2008	10

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HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES

% of Households with 6 or More People

1981	13.9
1986	11.5
1991	9.8
1996	8.6
2001	7.2
2004	7.0
2006	6.2
2009	6.7

Family Structure (2006)

Total Family Structure	10,875
Husband-Wife	5,555
Common-law	2,990
Lone Parent	2,330
% Lone-Parent Families	21.4

Tenure (2009)

Total	14,522
Owned	7,623
Rented	6,899
% Owned	52.5

% of Households in Core Need

1996	19.7
2000	20.3
2004	16.3
2009	19.0

CRIME

Violent Crimes

2001	2,767
2002	3,179
2003	3,698
2004	3,857
2005	3,711
2006	3,527
2007	4,025
2008	3,839
2009	3,730
2010	3,678

Property Crimes

2001	5,417
2002	6,397
2003	8,179
2004	9,018
2005	8,357
2006	8,292
2007	8,807
2008	8,881
2009	8,568
2010	9,769

Other Criminal Code

2001	4,350
2002	3,934
2003	4,068
2004	5,233
2005	6,475
2006	5,695
2007	5,942
2008	6,377
2009	5,981
2010	6,857

Federal Statutes

2001	432
2002	655
2003	595
2004	632
2005	742
2006	534
2007	665
2008	815
2009	827
2010	991

Traffic

2001	459
2002	568
2003	642
2004	768
2005	884
2006	829
2007	813
2008	1,051
2009	810
2010	877

Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)

2001	67.7
2002	76.3
2003	86.9
2004	89.1
2005	85.5
2006	81.6
2007	92.4
2008	87.8
2009	85.9
2010	84.1

Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)

2001	132.6
2002	153.5
2003	192.2
2004	208.3
2005	192.6
2006	192.0
2007	202.3
2008	203.1
2009	197.2
2010	223.2

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INCOME ASSISTANCE

Beneficiaries (monthly average)

2001	2,425
2002	2,200
2003	2,142
2004	2,058
2005	1,911
2006	1,912
2007	2,024
2008	2,067
2009	2,402
2010	2,313

Cases (monthly average)

2001	1,202
2002	1,118
2003	1,111
2004	1,110
2005	1,051
2006	1,060
2007	1,121
2008	1,172
2009	1,415
2010	1,429

Payments (\$000)

2001	8,840
2002	8,701
2003	8,946
2004	9,270
2005	8,610
2006	8,534
2007	9,783
2008	12,048
2009	14,563
2010	15,074

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)

Hunted & Fished (%)	39.4
Trapped (%)	6.2
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	8.7
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	28.1

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language

1984	59.1
1989	55.6
1994	50.1
1999	45.1
2004	44.0
2009	38.0

EDUCATION

% with High School Diploma or More

1986	51.6
1989	59.8
1991	59.9
1994	63.2
1996	63.5
1999	66.1
2001	64.8
2004	67.5
2006	67.0
2009	69.3

Employment Rates (2009)

Less than High School Diploma	35.4
High School Diploma or Greater	81.2

LABOUR FORCE

Participation Rate

1986	74.5
1989	74.9
1991	78.2
1994	77.2
1996	77.2
1999	78.3
2001	77.1
2004	75.6
2006	76.5
2009	75.1

Unemployment Rate

1986	11.2
1989	13.2
1991	11.3
1994	14.8
1996	11.7
1999	13.7
2001	9.5
2004	10.4
2006	10.4
2009	10.3

Employment Rate

1986	66.2
1989	65.0
1991	69.3
1994	65.7
1996	68.2
1999	67.5
2001	69.8
2004	67.8
2006	68.6
2009	67.3

	Northwest Territories		Northwest Territories
<i>Selected Employment Rates (2009)</i>		<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>	
Males	68.1	2000	36,220
Females	66.4	2001	39,186
		2002	42,047
Aboriginal	49.8	2003	42,572
Non-Aboriginal	83.1	2004	44,080
		2005	46,170
15-24	42.0	2006	48,396
25-34	75.5	2007	51,072
35-44	81.9	2008	52,943
45-54	84.3	2009	52,998
55-64	74.6		
65 & Over	17.1	<i>Employment Income (\$000)</i>	
		2000	805,159
<i>Labour Force Activity (2009)</i>		2001	935,854
Population 15 & Over	33,730	2002	1,016,653
Employed	22,702	2003	1,058,922
Unemployed	2,616	2004	1,101,853
Not in the Labour Force	8,412	2005	1,145,168
		2006	1,208,376
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)</i>		2007	1,294,015
Number of Unemployed	4,847	2008	1,356,780
% Do Rotational	57.1	2009	1,356,890
% Male	59.1		
% Aboriginal	77.2	% Change in Emp. Inc. (2000-2009)	
% Less than High School Diploma	55.9		68.5
		<i>Average Employment Income (\$)</i>	
<i>Labour Force Profile (2006)</i>		2000	36,187
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	37.3	2001	38,497
% Goods Producing	17.2	2002	41,428
% Other Industries	43.9	2003	41,904
		2004	43,969
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2008)</i>		2005	45,843
% Worked	79.0	2006	47,856
% Worked More than 26 weeks	77.5	2007	50,627
		2008	52,650
		2009	52,983
PERSONAL INCOME			
<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>		<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>	
2000	921,079	2000	32.0
2001	1,058,019	2001	28.8
2002	1,148,300	2002	27.6
2003	1,199,686	2003	28.0
2004	1,246,589	2004	27.3
2005	1,297,842	2005	26.0
2006	1,384,602	2006	24.9
2007	1,469,865	2007	23.3
2008	1,542,755	2008	23.7
2009	1,557,610	2009	23.9
		<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>	
% Change in Total Inc. (2000-2009)	69.1	2000	28.2
		2001	31.4
		2002	34.4
		2003	35.1
		2004	36.5
		2005	38.3
		2006	39.9
		2007	42.7
		2008	43.7
		2009	43.6

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FAMILY INCOME

Average Family Income

2000	71,864
2001	80,225
2002	87,143
2003	88,244
2004	91,362
2005	96,171
2006	101,622
2007	107,252
2008	111,796
2009	112,119

Percent Families Less than \$30,000

2000	26.2
2001	20.8
2002	19.4
2003	20.3
2004	20.2
2005	19.0
2006	18.0
2007	16.6
2008	17.0
2009	16.7

Percent Families More than \$75,000

2000	41.6
2001	47.4
2002	50.4
2003	50.7
2004	52.7
2005	55.3
2006	57.1
2007	59.5
2008	60.8
2009	60.7

PRICES

2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	..
2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	..

ENVIRONMENT

Average Temperature (°C)

January 2003	..
January 2004	..
January 2005	..
January 2006	..
January 2007	..
July 2003	..
July 2004	..
July 2005	..
July 2006	..
July 2007	..

COMMUNITY LIVING

% Who Volunteered in 2008	37.7
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008	73.5

SYMBOLS

- zero or too small to be expressed
- .. not available
- x data suppressed

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[10]{\frac{Pop_{2011}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Crime

Incidents in a particular detachment may include incidents from surrounding communities.

Violent Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Refers to incidences of homicides, attempted murder, assaults (including sexual assaults), abduction and robbery.

Property Crimes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of breaking & entering, theft, position of stolen goods and fraud.

Other Criminal Code: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of offensive weapons, bail violation, disturbing the peace and mischief (property damage).

Federal Statutes: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of possession and trafficking of drugs.

Traffic: Canadian Center for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada. Includes but is not limited to incidences of dangerous operation of motor vehicle and impaired operation of motor vehicle.

Violent Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Property Crime Rates (per 1,000 persons): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Rates are determined using population estimates developed by the NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Craft (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'in.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment

rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Personal Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns.

Total Income (\$000): Refers to total money income received from all sources.

Average Personal Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources.

Employment Income (\$000): Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Average Employment Income (\$): Refers to average income received by persons 15 years of age and over for any employment.

Percent Tax-filers Less Than \$15,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making less than \$15,000.

Percent Tax-filers More Than \$50,000: Refers to the percent of tax-filers who report they are making more than \$50,000.

Family Income

Small Area and Administrative Data Division, Statistics Canada. Data is based upon filed tax returns. Refers to the total income of a family; it is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.

Average Family Income (\$): Refers to the average money income received from all sources for the family as a whole.

Percent Families Less Than \$30,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making less than \$30,000.

Percent Families More Than \$75,000: Refers to the percent of families who report they are making more than \$75,000.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.